



**SCHOOL OF MEDICINE**

**SPECIMEN MMED THESIS**

**OCTOBER 2024**

Title page

**[THESIS TITLE]**

**[NAME OF STUDENT]**

*A thesis submitted in fulfilment of the academic requirements for the degree of Master of Medicine in the School of Clinical Medicine, College of Health Sciences, University of KwaZulu-Natal*

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the preface

**[MONTH YEAR]**

Dedication page

## DEDICATION

*Dedicated to*

[My family, for their unwavering support

[My supervisor, Dr GK Chetty, for sharing his immense knowledge and love of science with me]

...

First page number,  
Roman numeral i

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Appreciation page

## APPRECIATION

I acknowledge the support of the following with gratitude:

[*Name of person*] for [whatever their contribution is]

Declaration page

## DECLARATION

I, **[Student's name]**, declare that:

- The research reported in this dissertation, except where otherwise indicated, is my original work. The Authorship statement on the following page describes my contribution and the contributions of all co-authors and co-investigators.
- This dissertation has not been submitted for any degree or examination at any other university.
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- This dissertation does not contain the writing of others unless expressly acknowledged as being sourced from them. Where other written sources have been quoted, then:
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**[signature of student]**

Signed:

Date **[date]**

As the candidate's supervisor, I, **[Name of supervisor]**, agree to the submission of this dissertation.

**[signature of supervisor]**

Signed:

Date **[date]**

## **AUTHORSHIP STATEMENT**

### **AUTHORS**

e.g., Dr R Grant: conception of the project (lead); methodology (lead), etc.

### **ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS**

e.g. Ms HR Ngwenya: statistical analysis, etc.

The help of these individuals and institutions is gratefully acknowledged.

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## ABSTRACT

### INTRODUCTION

[Example] Glomerular nephritis is a significant cause of chronic kidney disease worldwide, with a spectrum of clinical manifestations ranging from asymptomatic proteinuria to nephrotic syndrome and end-stage renal disease. [Problem or gap in knowledge] While current treatments have improved patient outcomes, variability in treatment response and long-term prognosis remains poorly understood. [Rationale or purpose] This study aims to describe the clinical and biochemical characteristics of patients with glomerular nephritis, providing insights into potential factors that may influence disease progression and response to therapy.

### RESEARCH QUESTION

[Text]

### AIMS AND OBJECTIVES

[Text]

### METHODS]


[Text]

### RESULTS

[Text]

### CONCLUSIONS

[Text]



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abstract

Chapter 1 title page

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with Arabic numeral 1

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**CHAPTER 1.**  
**INTRODUCTION AND LITERATURE REVIEW**

# BACKGROUND AND LITERATURE REVIEW

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Page heading

## INTRODUCTION

[Example] In modern medicine, the integration of clinical research into everyday practice has become increasingly essential, particularly in subspecialties such as oncology, cardiology, and pulmonology. Subspecialists are often tasked with managing complex cases where standard treatment guidelines may not suffice. This thesis seeks to address the ongoing challenge of translating medical research into practical clinical applications by focusing on [specific medical condition], aiming to provide targeted solutions for improving patient care.

Major heading

### Clinical challenges in subspecialty care

Line spacing 1.5 lines throughout

Subspecialties face unique challenges due to the specificity of the conditions they treat. Despite advanced medical technologies, many treatments are still based on generalized protocols rather than individualized care, highlighting the need for research that bridges clinical practice and specialized knowledge.

Minor heading

#### *Medical disciplines*

Sub-minor heading

Disciplines such as Internal medicine, cardiology, dermatology and...

#### *Internal medicine*

Sub-sub-minor heading

This discipline faces specific challenges...

## THE CURRENT PROJECT

### RESEARCH QUESTION

[Example] This thesis focuses on the problem of limited research into how [specific factor] influences patient outcomes in [specific medical condition]. To address this, the research will evaluate clinical and biochemical factors that contribute to treatment efficacy and disease progression, aiming to generate actionable insights.

### AIMS AND OBJECTIVES

#### Aim

[Example] To develop a scoring system for the prediction of outcomes in [disease], based on the identification of specific clinical factors influencing outcome.

#### Objectives

[Example]

1. Analyze the role of specific clinical factors in influencing disease outcomes.
2. Develop a scoring system to predict outcomes.

### METHODOLOGICAL APPROACH TO THE PROBLEM

[Example] As described earlier in this chapter, previous studies of patient outcomes have all been small studies, yielding results with wide confidence intervals that make evaluation of the actual contribution of these factors difficult. In this study, therefore, we set out to circumvent this difficulty by...

### REFERENCES

Smith JB, Doe A. Effects of exercise on cardiovascular health in elderly patients: A randomized controlled trial. *J Geriatr Med*. 2022;15(3):123-30. doi:10.1234/jgm.2022.015003.



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references

Miller R, Johnson K. The impact of air pollution on respiratory diseases in urban areas: A review. *Env Health Rev* [Internet]. 2023 Jan [cited 2024 Oct 24];18(1):45-56. Available from: <https://www.envhealthrev.com/articles/impact-air-pollution>

Garcia P, Thompson E. Renal physiology. In: Stevens S, editor. *Advances in Nephrology*. 2nd ed. New York: Medical Sciences Press; 2021. p. 201-17.

World Health Organization. Global status report on noncommunicable diseases 2021 [Internet]. Geneva: WHO; 2021 [cited 2024 Oct 24]. Available from: <https://www.who.int/ncds/2021statusreport>

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formatted correctly

Chapter 2 title page

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numbering

## CHAPTER 2

### RESEARCH REPORT

This work is presented as a submission-ready manuscript entitled *The role of [specific factor] in improving clinical outcomes in patients with [specific condition]*.

## TITLE

The role of [specific factor] in improving clinical condition]

Title page of manuscript.  
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[specific

6

Continue numbering

## AUTHORS

[Example]

Dladla, PKa

Black, KKa

Naicker, Kb

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# ABSTRACT



New page

## Background

[Example] Patients with [specific condition] often face challenges related to [specific complications]. Emerging evidence suggests that [specific factor] may influence clinical outcomes by [briefly state the mechanism or association]. However, its role in routine clinical management is not well-defined. In this report we discuss our experience with...

## Methods

[Example] A total of 45 patients diagnosed with [specific condition] were recruited from [specific center] over a [duration] period. Clinical and biochemical data, including levels of [specific factor], were collected and analyzed using [specific statistical method] to determine the relationship between [specific factor] and patient outcomes...

## Results

[Example] Patients with higher levels of [specific factor] demonstrated significant improvements in [specific outcomes], including a [percentage]% reduction in [specific complication]. Subgroup analysis revealed that [specific factor] was particularly effective in patients with [specific characteristic], indicating potential for targeted therapy.

## Conclusions

[Example] This study suggests that [specific factor] is a promising marker for improving clinical outcomes in patients with [specific condition]. These results support the integration of [specific factor] into treatment protocols to enhance patient care.

## INTRODUCTION

[Example] The management of femoral fracture remains a challenge in clinical practice due to the complex nature of the injury and treatment response (1). Previous studies have indicated the potential role of osteopietin in influencing outcomes, but evidence remains limited....

This study aims to explore the relationship between osteopietin levels and clinical outcomes in a sample of patients with neck-of-femur fracture at Greys Hospital, Pietermaritzburg, with the goal of providing insights that can improve patient care in patients with this fracture..

## METHODS

[Example] The study was conducted at XYZ Hospital from May till August 2024.. The study was approved by the University of KwaZulu-Natal Biethics Committee (BR35/25556).

New page

### *Patients*

[Example] Fifty-six patients with neck-of-femur fracture were randomly selected from the clinical records kept in the Dept of Orthopaedic Surgery at Greys Hospital... All patients provided informed consent.

### *Methods*

[Example] Data collection included patient demographics, clinical parameters, and laboratory measurements of [specific factor]. The study design was [retrospective/prospective], and data were analyzed using [specific statistical test] to assess the association between [specific factor] and clinical outcomes. Ethical approval was obtained from [institution], and all patients provided informed consent.

### *Data handling and analysis*

[Example] Data were captured and analysed on an Excel spreadsheet. The severity of the fracture was recorded as... Osteopietin levels were correlated with length of hospital stay...Statistical tests were performed with Stata (version 17, StataCorp LLC, College Station, TX, USA).

## RESULTS

[Example] The analysis revealed a significant correlation between [specific factor] and improved clinical outcomes, particularly in terms of hospital stay. Patients with higher levels of osteopietin showed a 20% reduction in hospital stay, compared to those with lower levels. Subgroup analysis further demonstrated that the effect of osteopietin was more pronounced in patients with radiographic evidence of osteopaenia, suggesting potential benefits for targeted therapeutic interventions (Table 1).

Additionally, multivariate analysis indicated that high levels of osteopietin were an independent predictor of better outcomes, even after adjusting for confounding variables baseline disease severity.

Headings highlighted with bold

<b>Hospital stay</b>	<b>Low osteopietin (n=15)</b>	<b>High osteopietin (n=30)**</b>
30 days or more	6 (40.0%)	2 (6.7%)
15 to 29 days	7 (46.7%)	12 (40.0%)
Less than 14 days	2 (13.3%)	16 (53.3%)

Table 1. Clinical Outcomes Based on Levels of [Specific Factor]. There is a significant association between [specific factor] levels and clinical outcomes ( $p=0.005$ ).

Smaller font

## DISCUSSION

[Example] The findings of this study highlight the importance of [osteopietin] in managing patients with neck-of-femur fracture. The positive correlation between osteopietin and clinical outcomes suggests that incorporating this marker into treatment protocols could enhance patient care. These results align with previous research on [related topic], but further studies are needed to validate these findings and explore the underlying mechanisms driving this association...

Legend in smaller font  
and indented on both

### Limitations of the study

[Example] The study is limited by...

### Conclusions

[Example] This study provides evidence supporting the role of osteopietin in improving clinical outcomes in patients with neck-of-femur fracture...

## REFERENCES

Smith JB, Doe A. Effects of exercise on cardiovascular health in elderly patients: A randomized controlled trial. *J Geriatr Med*. 2022;15(3):123-30. doi:10.1234/jgm.2022.015003.

Miller R, Johnson K. The impact of air pollution on respiratory diseases in urban areas: A literature review. *Env Health Rev* [Internet]. 2023 Jan [cited 2024 Oct 24];18(1):45-56. Available from: <https://www.envhealthrev.com/articles/impact-air-pollution>

Garcia P, Thompson E. Renal physiology. In: Stevens S, editor. *Advances in Nephrology*. 2nd ed. New York: Medical Sciences Press; 2021. p. 201-17.

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Appendix title page

**APPENDIX 1**

**STUDY PROTOCOL**

[Append appendix 1 as PDF after this page. Repeat for subsequent appendices.]